DATE：Day 20 Month 4 Year 2017

SUMMARY of
2016 RESEARCH RESULTS REPORT
For International Collaborative Research with IPR, Osaka University

Research Title		Structural and functional research on the survival-essential factors from bacterial pathogens for the development of novel antibiotics which induce suicide effect.
Applicant	**Name**	Bong-Jin Lee
	Affiliation	Seoul National University
	Present Title	Professor
Research Collaborator (Host PI)		Professor Atsushi Nakagawa

Summary

We tried to collect all data over ~3.5 Å after calculating the appropriate distance, the measurement time, the wavelength, and choice of a start degree for efficient data collection.

For low-diffraction cases or bad quality of data, we tried flash-annealing or dehydration method to improve resolution or quality. Actually, a kind of quick solutions to improve quality of data show a little improvement. Therefore, we recalculated the data using various tools, reinterpreted them, and extracted meaningful information from low-resolution data.

For a set being capable of molecular replacement, we tried to solve a structure using known a structural template by Phenix or CCP4i program suites. For sets which have no structural homologs based upon sequences, we tried single-(or multi-) wavelength anomalous dispersion method to solve protein structures. For efficient performance, we prepared and mounted SeMet-derivatized crystals at first and used heavy atoms-derivatized crystals which were treated with platinum or mercury compounds etc. In addition, we tried to solve phasing problems using non-covalently bound atoms including sodium bromide. For efficient management of beam time, we screened optimum conditions of concentration and soaking time of a specific heavy atom in prior to works in the assigned beam time. For a weak phasing set, we tried to calculate data using multiple isomorphous replacement method. Data were processed using HKL2000. Structural determination was tried using various programs including CCP4, CNS, and Phenix with either manual or automated method.

Experimental Results

The Whi protein from *M. tuberculosis*

- Not diffracted. Improvement of the crystal samples is in progress.

SAV2069-DNA complex

The DNA-complexed SAV2069 protein crystal

- Diffracted poorly to ~10 A.
- Improvement of the crystal samples is in progress using addition of various additives and detergents.

SP1143-1144 complex

- Native data sets were collected at 3 - 4 A (five sets were collected and processed.)
- SeMet data sets were collected at 3 - 4 A.
- Obtaining the other crystallization conditions is in progress.

Rv0239-0240 complex

- Native crystals of the protein complex were diffracted to ~ 3.0 A.

- Three data sets were collected.
- Improvement of the crystal samples is in progress.

Improvement of most of the crystals is in progress.
We will try to collect data from the improved crystals in the next beam time.

***Deadline: May 19, 2017**
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